

Government Test
BCHS
Leavins
Ch 1, Sec 2

Name:

Date:

1. Which of the following is NOT a basic question to classify governments?
 - a. Who can participate in the governmental process?
 - b. How is governmental power distributed?
 - c. How much does a government tax businesses?
 - d. How is power distributed between legislative, executive, and judicial branches/functions?
2. In a democracy, who rules?
 - a. The Democrats
 - b. The People
 - c. The Aristocracy
 - d. The Church, in accordance with prophecy
3. In an oligarchy, who rules?
 - a. The People
 - b. An elite group
 - c. The Few
 - d. The Pastor, in accordance with prophecy
 - e. Both B and C
4. In an autocracy, who rules?
 - a. The People
 - b. A Single Person
 - c. The School Board, in accordance with prophecy
 - d. A committee invested with supreme executive power
 - e. All of the above
5. In what type of governmental system does sovereignty rest with the people?
 - a. Autocracy
 - b. Oligarchy
 - c. Democracy
 - d. Theocracy, in accordance with prophecy
 - e. Both A and B

6. In what type of governmental system do the people give their consent to the government to rule over them?
 - a. Theocracy
 - b. Democracy
 - c. Idiocracy
 - d. Plutocracy
 - e. All of these
7. What is a situation in which the people decide the exact policies and laws under which they will live?
 - a. Indirect Theocracy
 - b. Direct Plutocracy
 - c. Chronic Idiocracy
 - d. Direct Democracy
 - e. Living the good life, in accordance with prophecy
8. What is a situation in which the people elect representatives who establish the laws and policies under which the people will live?
 - a. Marxist-Leninism
 - b. Indirect Democracy
 - c. Direct Democracy
 - d. Indirect Theocracy
 - e. All of the above
9. On November 6, 2012 (the day President Barack Obama was re-elected POTUS) the voters of Baldwin County approved a sales tax for schools, an action that can be considered what?
 - a. Marxist-Leninism
 - b. Indirect Democracy
 - c. Direct Democracy
 - d. Indirect Theocracy
 - e. None of the above
10. On November 6, 2012, American voters—in their respective states—elected members of the Electoral College in proportions that ultimately resulted in the re-election of President Obama and Vice President Biden. This process is an example of what?
 - a. Living in accordance with prophecy
 - b. Direct Democracy
 - c. Indirect Democracy
 - d. Direct Theocracy
 - e. Indirect Plutocracy
 - f. Marxist-Leninist Socialism

11. When did President Obama and Vice President Biden begin their second terms?
 - a. November 4, 2008
 - b. January 20, 2009
 - c. November 6, 2012
 - d. January 20, 2013
12. In the United States, under the U.S. Constitution, who makes most law and policy?
 - a. The voters
 - b. Elected and Appointed Representatives
 - c. The Prophets
 - d. Socialists and Communists
13. The United States is both a republic and a democracy.
 - a. True
 - b. False
14. A state in which either one person or a self-appointed self-perpetuating small group holds sovereign power is essentially a what?
 - a. Democratic Republic
 - b. Hippie Commune
 - c. Dictatorship
 - d. Tribe
 - e. A fulfillment of prophecy
15. In the past 100 years, the Soviet Union, Nazi Germany, The People's Republic of China, and North Korea are examples of what?
 - a. Hippie Communes
 - b. Democracies
 - c. The consequences of New Deal Liberalism
 - d. Dictatorships
 - e. All of the above
16. A governmental structure in which all governing authority resides in one central locus of government is known as what?
 - a. Federal government
 - b. Unitary government
 - c. Liberal government
 - d. Conservative government
 - e. Tyranny



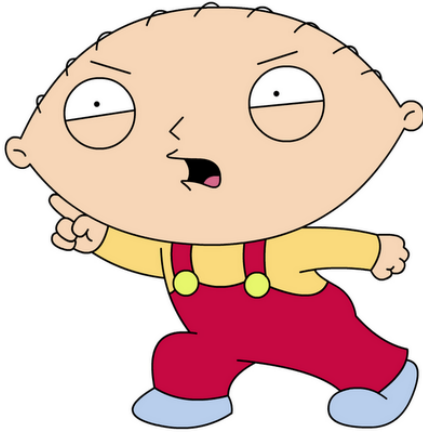
Greetings BCHS Seniors, I am Dr. Evil. Yes...THE Dr. Evil, evil genius extraordinaire. I am now in control of this test, and you will answer to me.

OK...Here's the plan. I have hacked into your teacher's computer, and I have stolen the answers to the test.

And for the answers to the test, you are going to pay me a billion-gazillion-googa-dillion dollars! Mu-ha-ha-ha-ha-ha! Mu-ha-ha-ha-ha! Mu-ha-ha-ha-ha!

Mu-ha-ha...ohhh...just pay me the money, or I'm going to steal your laptops!

17. In a unitary government, the central government has the prerogative to delegate power to provincial and local governments, and to take back that power.
 - a. True
 - b. False
18. Most states in the modern world have unitary governments.
 - a. True
 - b. False
19. Great Britain has what type of government?
 - a. Federal
 - b. Unitary
 - c. Tyrannical
 - d. Hypothetical
 - e. Transcendental
 - f. Bifurcated



Attention people! I am Stewie Griffin, and I have gotten rid of Dr. Evil. From now on you answer to me!

Now listen! Your brain-dead teacher couldn't write a decent exam if his life depended on it. Are you sure he really went to college? Are you sure he graduated? Finish this pathetic excuse for an academic exercise, and wait for further instructions! It's time for my nap...but I will be back!

20. In the United Kingdom of Great Britain, all governmental power is vested where?
 - a. The Provinces
 - b. The Cities, particularly London town
 - c. Congress
 - d. Parliament
 - e. The Royal Navy
21. Unitary government is the same thing as a dictatorship.
 - a. True
 - b. False
22. A representative democracy cannot have a unitary government
 - a. True
 - b. False
23. In a system of government in which governmental authority is divided between levels---that is central government authority co-existing with provincial government authority—that system is best described as what?
 - a. Unitary
 - b. Federal
 - c. Communal
 - d. Dictatorial
 - e. Anarchical



Hi...I'm Bruce Dickinson---Yes, THE Bruce Dickinson! And so far, this test doesn't have any COWBELL!

And you're gonna want that COWBELL, Baby! Give me more COWBELL!

Hi...I'm Gene Frenkle, and I play the COWBELL. And if Mr. Bruce Dickinson says we need the COWBELL, then I say let's give him more COWBELL!

24. In a federal system of government, the provincial level of government is what?
 - a. Optional
 - b. Fictional
 - c. Theoretical
 - d. Built-in
 - e. All of the above
25. In a federal system of government, governmental powers are divided in what direction?
 - a. Horizontal
 - b. Vertical
 - c. Diagonal
 - d. Actually, they are not divided
26. The governmental system of the United States is federal in nature.
 - a. True
 - b. False
27. In the American governmental system, the Congress—acting alone—cannot do what?
 - a. Pass a resolution
 - b. Abolish the existence of a state like Alabama
 - c. Gather and debate issues like whether to declare war
 - d. Both A and C

28. In the American governing system, states like Alabama are at the heart of what?
- a. Dixie
 - b. Electing officials to the national government
 - c. Declaring war
 - d. Conducting foreign policy by cutting side deals with nearby nations
29. Alabama has a unitary system of government.
- a. True
 - b. False
30. What kind of governments are U.S. states required to have, per the U.S. Constitution?
- a. Royal and/or Feudal
 - b. Anarchical and egalitarian
 - c. Republican
 - d. All of these
31. In what type of government is the central government a creation of several sovereign states, usually with the central government possessing narrow and limited powers?
- a. Dictatorship
 - b. Royal Domain
 - c. Urban Commune
 - d. Confederate
 - e. All of these
32. To understand whether the term **state** means something like Alabama versus something like Germany, one needs to look at what?
- a. The spelling
 - b. Capitalization
 - c. Whether its written in German or not
 - d. The context in which the term is used
 - e. There is no way of knowing
33. In a war that lasted from 1861 to 1865, the United States ultimately defeated whom?
- a. Germany
 - b. France
 - c. The Holy Roman Empire
 - d. The Confederate States of America
 - e. The Royal Bahamian Navy and Ministry of Tourism
 - f. All of the above

34. The separation of powers by governmental function (legislative, executive, judicial) is in what direction?
- a. Vertical
 - b. Horizontal
 - c. Diagonal
 - d. There is no way of knowing
35. In what type of government are the executive and legislative functions of government separate, independent, and coequal?
- a. Presidential
 - b. Parliamentary
 - c. Communist
 - d. Socialist
36. In what type of government are the executive and legislative functions of government NOT independent of one another?
- a. Presidential
 - b. Parliamentary
 - c. Communist
 - d. Socialist

37-40. Draw a smiley face in the answer blanks for numbers 37, 38, 39, and 40.

YES...you will get credit for it.